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PA. STATE BOARD **OF EDUCATION**

Robert S. Watters **Executive Director** Crisis Prevention Institute, Inc. 3315-H N. 124th Street Brookfield, WI 53005

July 23, 2007

Jim Buckheit **Executive Director** Pennsylvania State Board of Education 333 Market Street Harrisburg, PA 17123-0333

Dear Mr. Buckheit,

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The Crisis Prevention Institute, Inc. (CPI) has followed with great interest the proposed amendments to Title 22, Chapter 14 of the Pennsylvania Code. On behalf of more than 20,000 active members of the International Association of Nonviolent Crisis Intervention® Certified Instructors and CPI, I would like to thank you for this opportunity to provide comment. For the past 26 years, CPI has been active in training educators and other human service professionals in the skills necessary to manage a crisis situation and to physically intervene as safely as possible when required. Because of our background in this area, CPI would like to comment specifically on section 14.133: Behavior Support.

We would particularly like to address the ban on face down prone restraints (with the exception of allowing a prone restraint when determined necessary by a physician and documented in a student's current IEP). Prone (faces down) positions are very dangerous, and we commend you for proposing to prohibit this technique. However, on occasion, an individual being restrained may fall or drop to the floor, or may be injuring him/herself on the floor.

There may be times when staff are confronted with an emergency situation (floor) where the potential danger of a person's behavior is surpassed by the potential danger of using restraints. CPI believes it is important to address this situation within the context of the ban on prone restraints in this amendment. We recommend adopting wording similar to the Michigan State Board of Education's document, Supporting Student Behavior: Standards for the Emergency Use of Seclusion and Restraint. Michigan's standards include the following statement: "School personnel who find themselves involved in the use of a prone restraint as the result of responding to an emergency must take immediate steps to end the prone restraint."



We feel that addressing the question directly in the regulation will clear up some confusion regarding what staff should do if a student on the floor is a danger to self or others and it is not safe to disengage from a restraint. CPI has already received questions from Pennsylvania educators regarding how to handle a student that drops to the floor during a restraint should this amendment be adopted.

Thank you again for the opportunity to comment on this important proposed amendment to Title 22, Chapter 14 of the Pennsylvania Code. CPI appreciates and applauds your efforts to advance the quality of care for students in Pennsylvania schools. Please do not hesitate to contact us at 1-800-558-8976 if we may provide any additional information or assist in helping local school organizations implement these regulations.

Sincerely,

Robert S. Watters
Executive Director

Crisis Prevention Institute, Inc.

About CPI: Since 1980, CPI has been training professionals to safely manage disruptive, assaultive, and violent behavior. To date, more than five million individuals worldwide have participated in CPI's training programs that utilize valuable techniques for helping organizations maintain a culture of safety and respect. For further information you can also access our website at http://www.crisisprevention.com.